



Seat No. _____

HQ-003-1012008

B. Sc. (Sem. II) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2016) Examination

April - 2023

Mathematics : MATH-02(A)

(Geometry, Calculus and Matrix Algebra)

(Old Course) (Theory)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1012008

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ / Total Marks : 70

Instructions : (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Figures written to the right side indicates full marks of the question.

- 1 (a) Answer the following questions briefly : 4
- (1) Define Sphere.
 - (2) Find the Sphere for which (1, 1, 0) and (0, 1, 1) are the extremities of a diameter.
 - (3) Define Cylinder.
 - (4) Write the equation of cylinder with generator is parallel to X - axis and enveloping curve is $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
- (b) Answer any one briefly : 2
- (1) Find centre and radius of sphere
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x - 4y - 6z - 11 = 0$.
 - (2) Find equation of right circular cylinder with radius 2
and axis $\frac{x-1}{2} = y-2 = \frac{z-3}{2}$.
- (c) Answer any one briefly : 3
- (1) Prove that the plane $lx + my + nz = p$ will touch the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$ if
 $(lu + mv + nw + p)^2 = (l^2 + m^2 + n^2)(u^2 + v^2 + w^2 - d)$.
 - (2) Find equation of cylinder whose generator is parallel to $\frac{x}{l} = \frac{y}{m} = \frac{z}{n}$ and enveloping the curve is
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$.

- (d) Answer any one briefly : 5
- (1) Derive the equation of cylinder of which generator remain parallel to the line $\frac{x}{l} = \frac{y}{m} = \frac{z}{n}$ and passing through a guiding curve $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0, z = 0$.
- (2) Prove that the plane $x + 2y - z = 4$ cuts the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - x + z - 2 = 0$ in a circle of radius unity and find the equation of the sphere which has this circle for one of the great circle.
- 2 (a) Answer the following questions briefly : 4
- (1) Define Isolated Point.
 (2) Define Connected Set.
 (3) Define Partial Differentiation.
 (4) State Schwartz's Theorem.
- (b) Answer any one briefly : 2
- (1) Evaluate $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x-y}{x+y}$
- (2) If $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$ then find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$.
- (c) Answer any one briefly : 3
- (1) Discuss the existence of $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^2 - y^2}{x^2 + y^2}$ by deriving iterative limits.
- (2) Find the first order partial derivative of $f(x, y) = x \tan \frac{y}{x}$ at $(4, \pi)$.
- (d) Answer any one briefly : 5
- (1) If $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-y}{x+y} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 1 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$ then prove that $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y)$ does not exist.
- (2) State and Prove Euler's Theorem for homogeneous function of two variables.

- 3 (a) Answer the following questions briefly : 4
- (1) Define local maxima.
 - (2) Define global maxima.
 - (3) Define Extreme point.
 - (4) Define Jacobian.
- (b) Answer any one briefly : 2
- (1) If $x = r \cos \theta$ and $y = r \sin \theta$ then prove that

$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)} = r.$$
 - (2) State Maclaurian's expansion for function of several variables.
- (c) Answer any one briefly : 3
- (1) If $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ then find approximate value of $f(1.9, 2.01, 4.8)$.
 - (2) If $x = \cos \theta, y = \sin \theta$ and $z = z$ then prove that

$$J\left(\frac{x, y, z}{r, \theta, z}\right) = 1.$$
- (d) Answer any one briefly : 5
- (1) State and Prove Taylor's expansion for function of several variables.
 - (2) If $\frac{4}{x} + \frac{9}{y} + \frac{16}{z} = 25$ then by Lagrange's method obtain the value of x, y and z which make $x + y + z$ is minimum.
- 4 (a) Answer the following questions briefly : 4
- (1) Define Singular Matrix.
 - (2) Define Transpose of Matrix.
 - (3) Define Rectangular Matrix.
 - (4) Define Rank of Matrix.
- (b) Answer any one briefly : 2
- (1) Prove that $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is nilpotent of index 2.
 - (2) Define Upper Triangular and Lower Triangular Matrix.
- (c) Answer any one briefly : 3
- (1) Prove that matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ has period 2.
 - (2) If $M = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & 7 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, then find M^{-1} .

(d) Answer any one briefly : 5

(1) Prove that every square matrix can be expressed uniquely as the sum of a symmetric and skew – symmetric matrix.

(2) Find two non-singular matrices X and Y such that XY

is in the normal form where $M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and also find the rank of matrix M .

5 (a) Answer the following questions briefly : 4

(1) Define Characteristic Equation.

(2) Define Eigen Vectors.

(3) Find the characteristic polynomial of matrix

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(4) Define Homogeneous system of linear equation.

(b) Answer any one briefly : 2

(1) Verify Cayley – Hamilton theorem for matrix

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & c & -b \\ -c & 0 & a \\ b & -a & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(2) Prove that Eigen values of Hermitian matrix is real numbers.

(c) Answer any one briefly : 3

(1) Find Eigen values and Eigen vectors of matrix

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(2) Solve $x + y + z = 6$, $x - y + z = 2$ and

$$2x + y - z = 1.$$

(d) Answer any one briefly : 5

(1) State and Prove Cayley – Hamilton Theorem.

(2) The necessary and sufficient condition that the system of equation $AX = B$ is consistent is that the matrices A and $[A: B]$ are of the same rank.